RTDS SIMULATION OF PV INVERTERS IN A SMALL POWER SYSTEM

SIMULATION SAGES

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1

THE PROBLEM

- Inverter based renewable energy sources are becoming more common.
- The introduction of these sources into the grid can cause instability in the system.
- Better understanding the effects on the power system can help us find innovative solutions to these issues.





PURPOSE OF THE PROJECT

- Develop a model of a distribution system with multiple photovoltaic inverters.
- Implement external controls to coordinate real and reactive power output from the inverters.
- Condense our findings into a lab exercise for future engineering students.

3



TOOLS

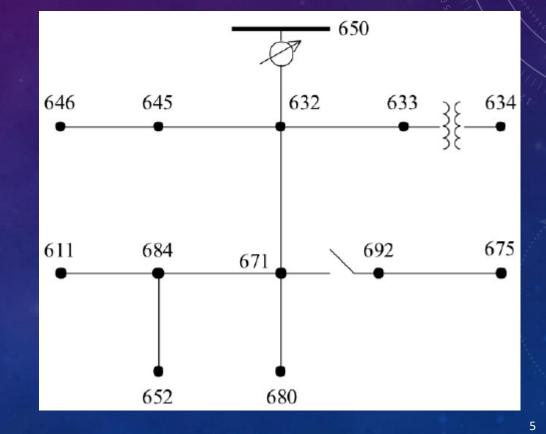
- RTDS (Real Time Digital Simulator)
 - Facilitates real time simulation of power systems.

RSCAD

- Design tool for creating power system models to be simulated through an RTDS.
- SEL RTAC (Real Time Automation Controller)
 - Robust, all-purpose control unit used to communicate with and control PV inverters for this project.

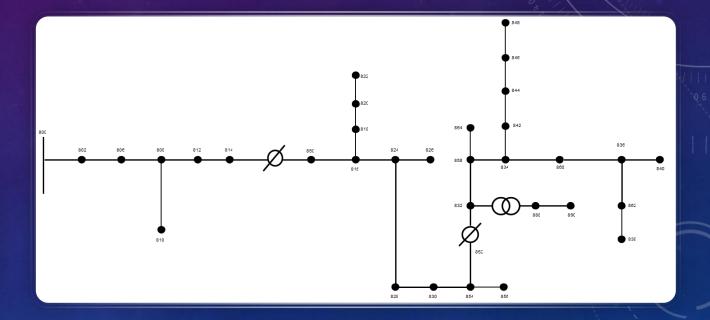
THE BASE SYSTEM: IEEE 13 BUS DISTRIBUTION MODEL

- Sufficient bus count to provide a distribution level network
- Few enough buses that basic work can be done on a single RTDS rack
- Enough buses to connect 3 PV arrays to the weakest points in the system and still maintain a decent model



DESIGN CONSIDERATION : IEEE 13 BUS

- Alternatives to the IEEE 13 Bus System:
 - <u>Custom System from scratch</u>
 - Time consuming to build
 - Does not add significant value
 - Beyond the project scope
 - IEEE 34 Bus System
 - Overly complex for the purposes of the project
 - Overly taxing for the RTDS



DESIGN CONSIDERATION: PV INVERTER MODEL

- Use an existing model
 - Already built model in RSCAD
 - We do not need to find design parameters ourselves
 - We do have to learn how the model was designed and how it fits in RSCAD
- Create our own model from scratch
 - Beyond the scope of the project
 - Models are already available



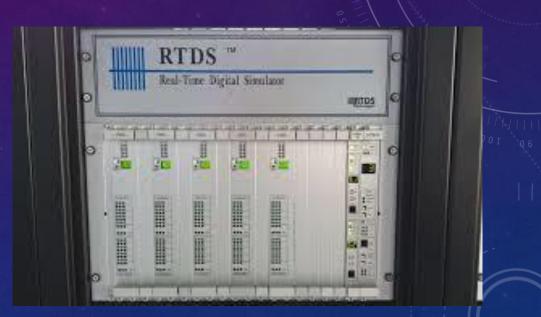
DESIGN VALIDATION PLAN

Requirement	Test	Test Subject	Target Date
Compiled RSCAD model of IEEE	Model runs on RTDS	Power System RSCAD model	3/9/21
13 bus power System with 3 PV			
Inverters Connected.			
Controlled power output for	Run model on RTDS and adjust	Power System RSCAD model	3/16/21
each PV inverter.	power output controls in real		
	time and verify the power		
	readings are changing for		
	specific busses.		
PV inverter control through SEL	Run Model on RTDS and adjust	Power System RSCAD model and	3/23/21
RTAC	PV inverter inputs. Verify the	SEL RTAC.	
	RTAC adjusts PV controls as		
Functional RTAC HMI	Run model on RTDS and use	Power System RSCAD model and	3/30/21
	HMI to manually adjust PV	SEL RTAC HMI.	
	inverter controls in real time.		
Lab procedure documentation is	Invite a EE student to go through	Lab procedure document	4/6/21
clear and usable for power	the procedure in the lab with		
students.	the equipment and give		

8

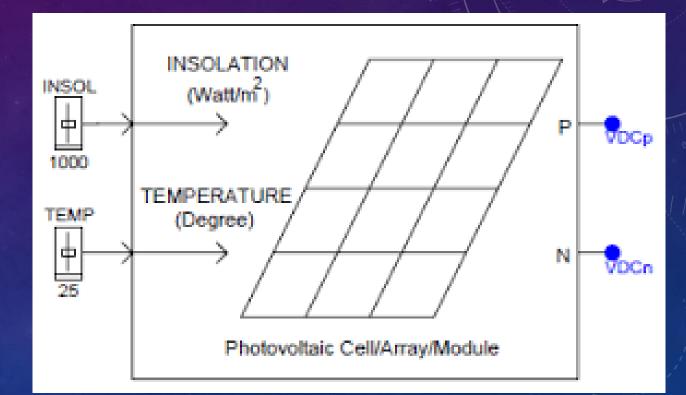
PROJECT LEARNING

- RSCAD and interfacing with the RTDS
 - Network Connections
 - GOOSE Messaging
- IEEE 13 Bus model
 - What buses are weakest
 - How we can integrate other models into the predesigned bus network
- Photovoltaic Array Model in RSCAD
 - How this model is built
 - How to effectively use this model in our model system

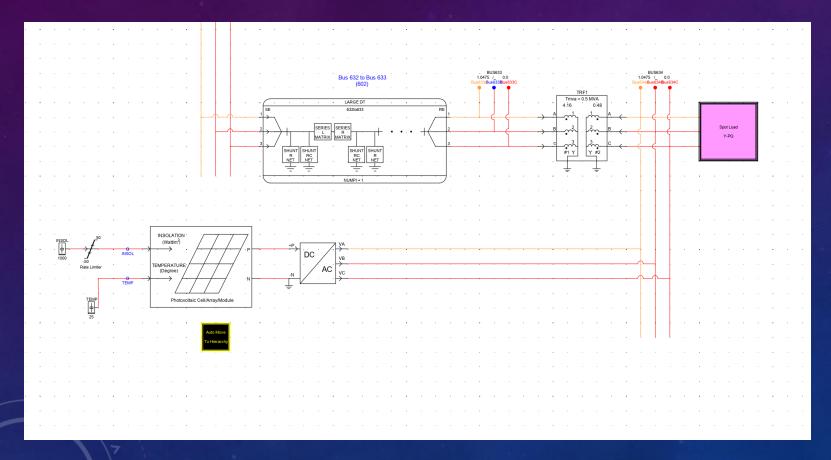


WHERE WE ARE NOW

- Customizing PV array model
 - Needs to be integrated into the 13 bus system
 - Has more variables than we need to consider for this project
 - How do we simplify the model while maintaining an accurate representation?



SIMULATION – PV MODULE

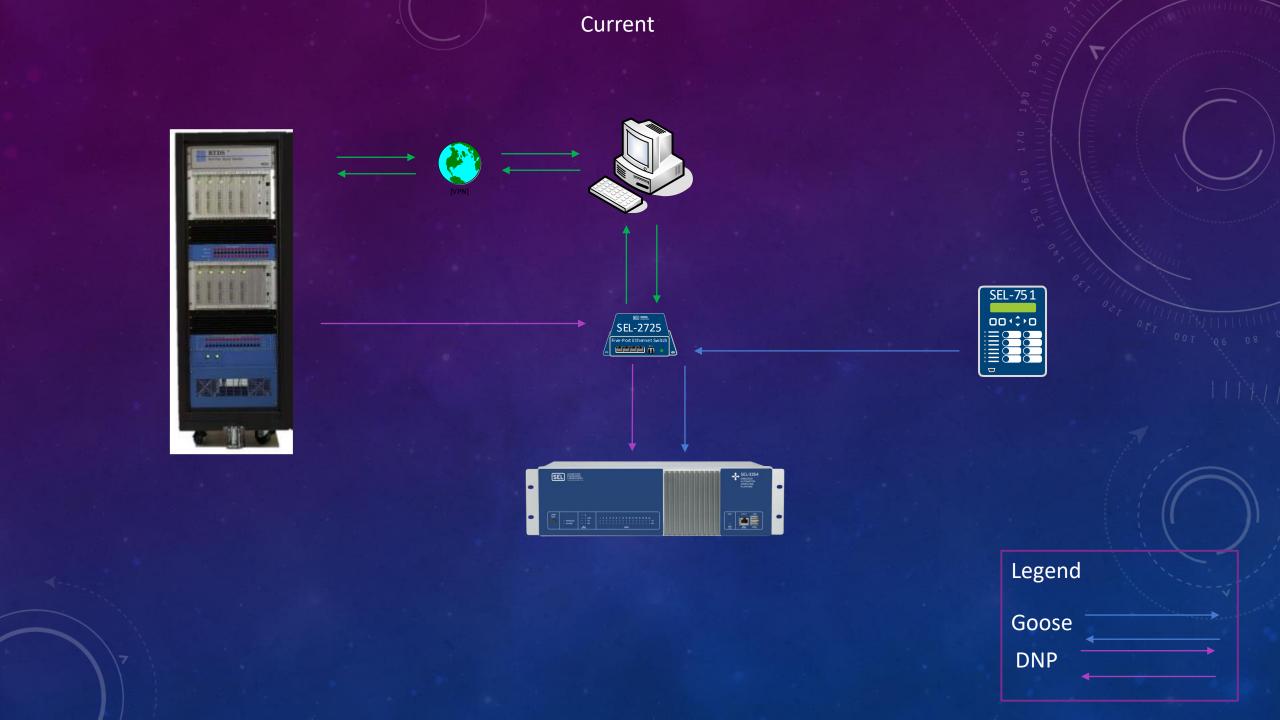


- Test Location of PV-Module
- DC Voltage 25 kV
- Inverter Output Ov

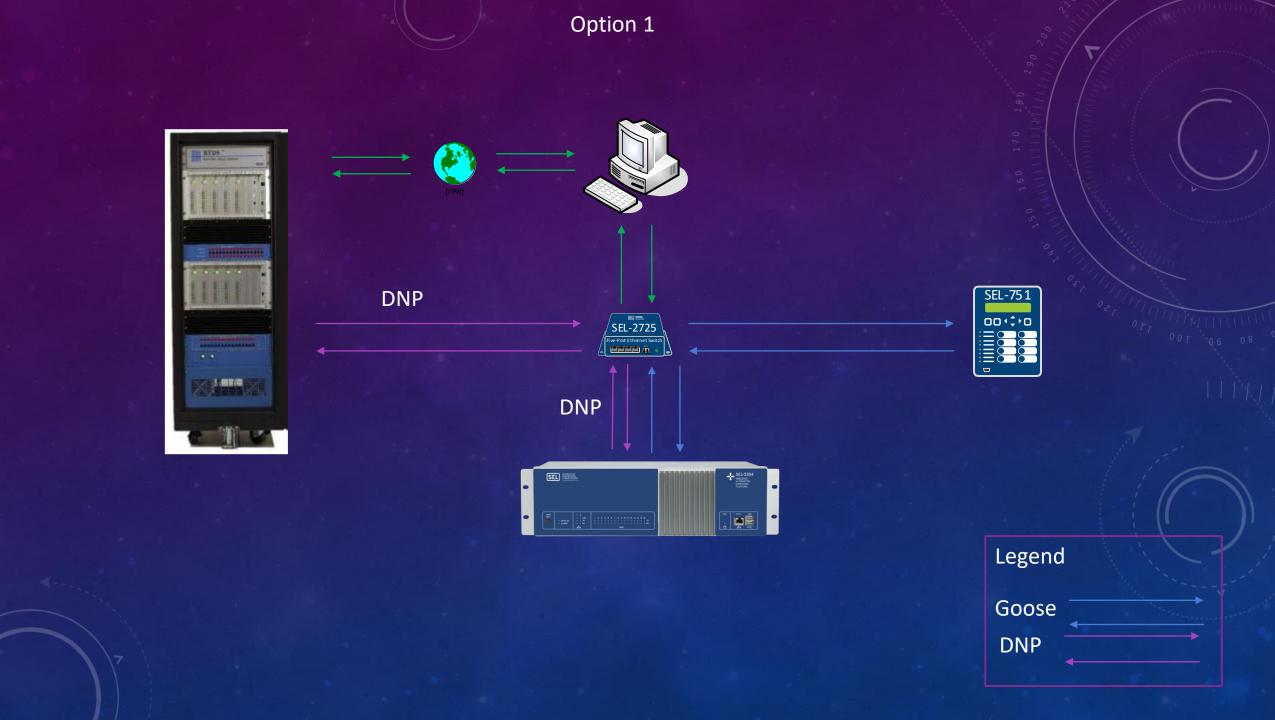
COMMUNICATION: RTDS TO RTAC

- Setting up GOOSE (Generic Object Oriented Substation Event) messaging between the two platforms.
- The RTAC will receive data from the RTDS and send commands back which will control power output from the PV inverters.

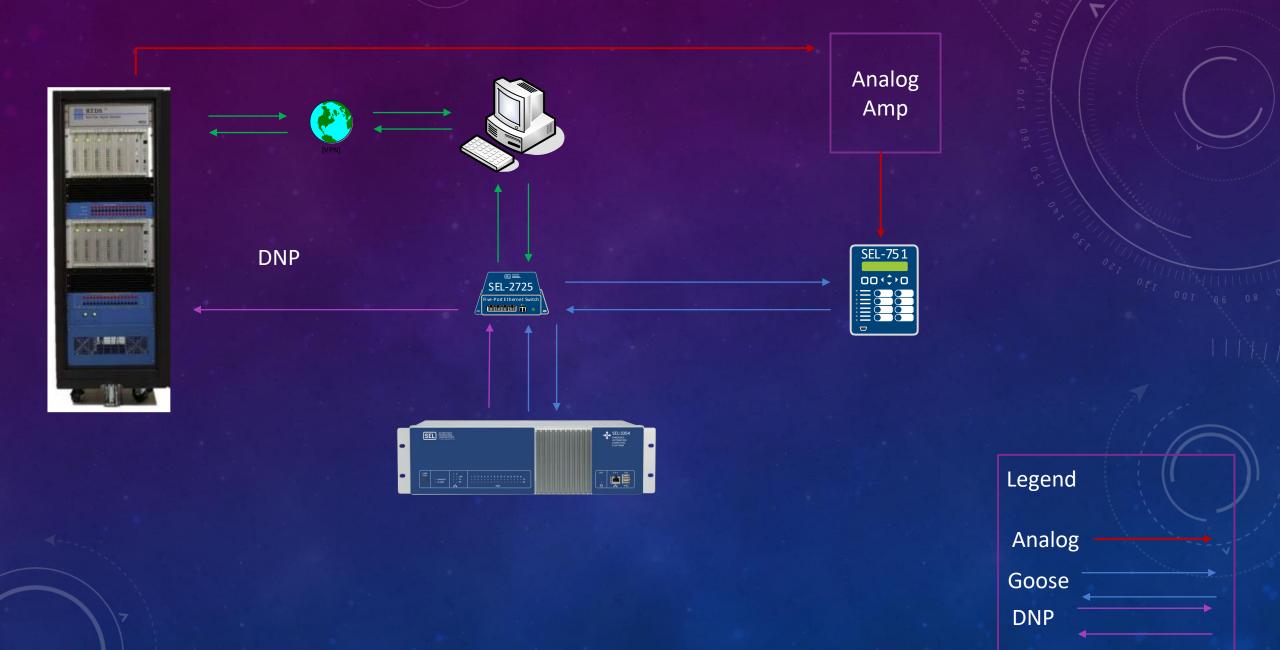




Current Legend Goose DNP		170 180 190 170 180 170 180 170 180 170 171 171 171 171 171 171 17
	SEL-751	







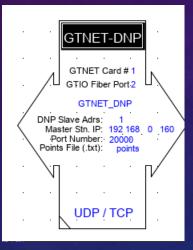
COMMUNICATION ROADBLOCKS

 RTAC isn't connected to the UI RTDS network, so It can't be accessed remotely through VPN connection.

• Learning Curve in learning GOOSE messaging and communication setup between devices.

- Solution: Utilize experienced engineers for guidance.
- Solution: Switch to different/easier messaging protocol (DNP)

NEXT STEPS -- KISS



- Understand Inverter's Protection Logic
 - Do we need protection for our model system, given that it is presumed to be ideal?
 - How integral is the protection to the function of the model
- Place Hardware "in-the-loop"
 - A simple tie in of an RTAC to regulate power in real time would improve the system

END STATE



- 1. Complete grid-compatible PV model.
- 2. Develop a fully integrated model of the 13 bus system with 3 PV inverters connected.
- 3. Develop a control scheme for the PV inverters using the SEL RTAC.
- 4. Create an HMI for the RTAC control system.
- 5. Create lab procedure documents

DECISION POINTS REDUCTION OF COMPLEXITY | LEARNING POINTS

Reduce:

- Distribution System
 - Loads
 - Transmission PI model
- PV Array
 - Fault elements
 - Protection elements

Supplemental Lab Objectives:

- Wire Diagrams (wet contact)
- Logic Diagram Development

