Combat Food Insecurity

Children of the Corn



Background



Stalk Lodging

Definition:

Breakage of the stalk below the ear







Costs

Annual loss in U.S. of 5%-25%

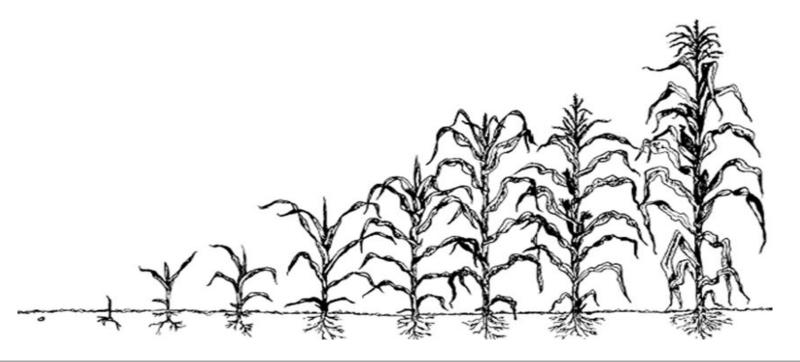
Increased harvest time

Increased drying costs

May cause volunteer corn



Structure of Corn





Structure of Corn





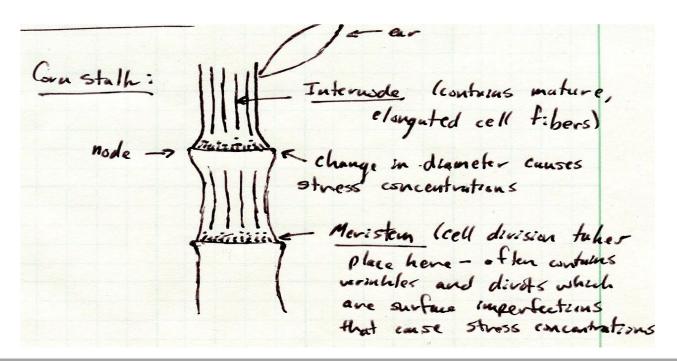


University of Idaho

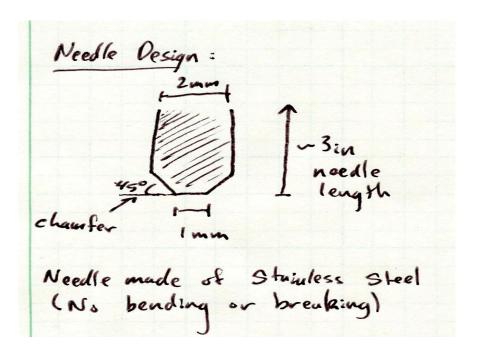
Research



Structural Weaknesses

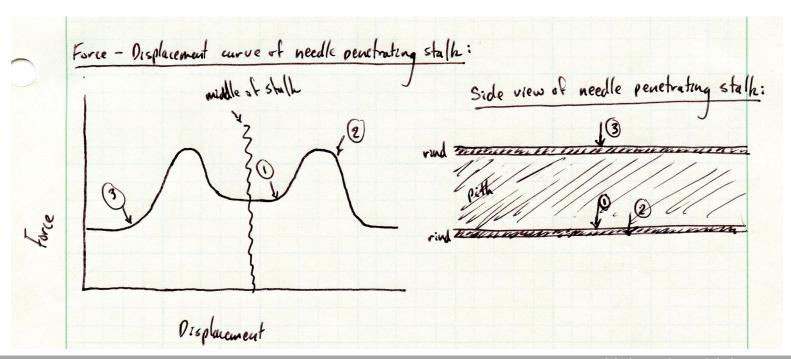


Needle Design





Concept





Specifications and Constraints



Constraint/Specifica	ition
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Item must be easily portable, lightweight, force required to operate must be reasonably low.

Item must be handheld, operable by one person.

Item must be durable. Must withstand drop of 10 ft., be impervious to dust, water, hazardous conditions.

Device must measure distance with accuracy of +/- 0.01 mm, measure a total distance of 3-4 inches, collect at a rate of at least 20 Hz, preferably 50 or higher.

Must use existing User Interface.

Reason

Item will be operated for eight continuous hours at a time, goal is to not tire out user.

Inconvenient if device needs two people to operate.

Item may be operated in environments considered rough on electronics.

This is an error of roughly 1%, considering that stalk rinds tend to be about 1mm thick. This distance is the expected distance the needle will move in total. Data collection rate is related to need for high accuracy.

Those testing the device will be familiar with existing UI.



Constraint/Specification	Reason
Must use existing needle design.	This needle has been found to produce most consistent results.
Design must include backplate, with small hole for needle. Hole cannot be much larger than needle.	Back of stalk needs to be supported to receive consistent results. Hole is to prevent fatigue or fracture of needle. Hole size is to prevent the stalk deflecting through a large hole and giving a bad result.
Device must include data logging.	Data will be analyzed later to phenotype strength of different maize varieties.
Device must measure force required to push needle through stalk.	Needed for data analysis of force vs. displacement.
Project should search for mostly "off the shelf" parts.	Parts need to be easily replaceable, inexpensive to create a mass quantity of the device (less manufacturing necessary, the better)



Components



Load Cell

S Load Cell Pancake Load Cell In-Line Rod

In-Line Rod Load Cell





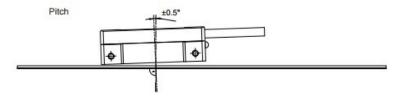


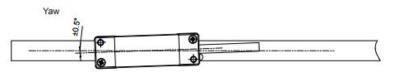


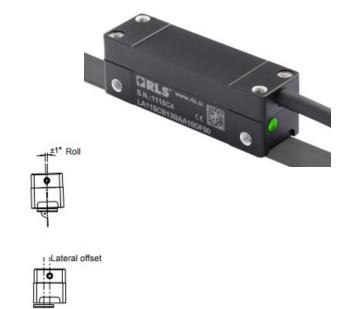
Linear Encoder

Rotary and Linear Absolute and Incremental

Installation tolerances









Actuator

4" stroke

35lb rated load

1.65"/sec average

Linear feedback included

12VDC

2A draw at max load





Electronics

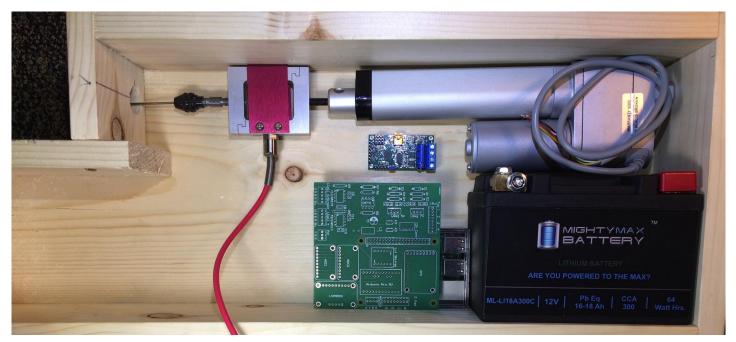
Pololu 1378 Motor Controller Arduino Uno / Mini Pro Raspberry Pi 3b



Viable Designs



Actuator-Driven Design





Actuator-Driven Design

Pros

Constant speed and force On-board position feedback Button-operated

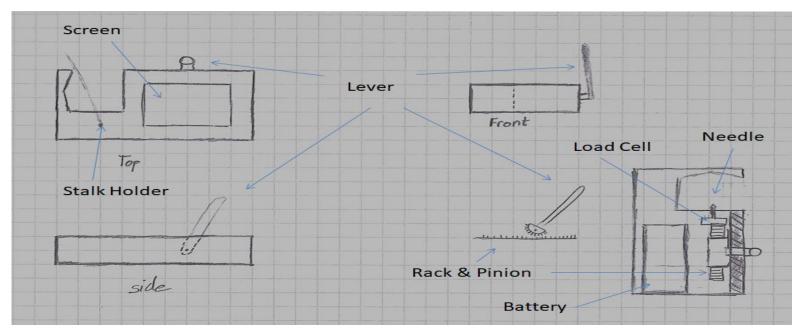
Estimated Cost: \$1000

Cons

Heavy (10-15lb)
Unwieldy Case (22"x 8"x 4")
Difficult to hold case and use screen simultaneously



Hand-Powered Design





Hand-Powered Design

Pros

Lightweight
Small
Simple to operate

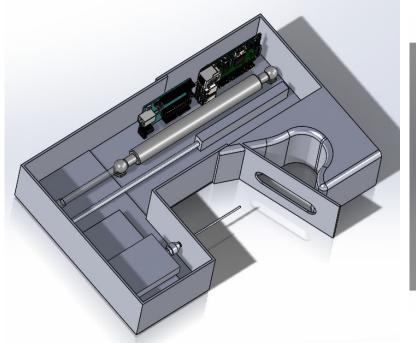
Estimated Cost: \$900

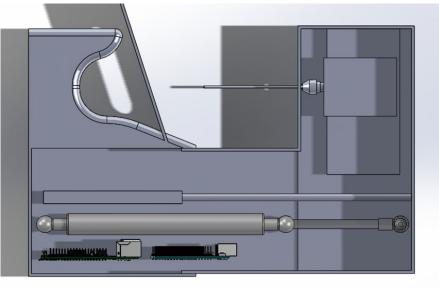
Cons

Two hands to operate Poor consistency of force Tiring to do ~800 times a day



Gas Spring Design







Gas Spring Design

Pros

Lightweight and small
Constant, adjustable rate
and force
Able to be controlled with
switches or triggers

Cons

Case will require customizing
Case sliding together could be
weak or difficult to make
Needle is always exposed

Estimated Cost: \$1100



Timeline For Project Completion



Overview

Fall Semester

Working prototype Actuator-operated

Spring Semester

Refined, marketable product Manually operated



Mechanics

Fall Semester

Needle (10/20/17)

Barebones case (11/1/17)

Back plate (11/15/17)

Mount actuator (11/29/17)

Mount load cell (11/29/17)

Spring Semester

Off-the-shelf case, cutouts (TBD)

Develop manual operation (TBD)



Electronics

Fall Semester

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Voltage regulator (10/20/17)
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Load cell (10/30/17)

Linear feedback (10/30/17)

User-friendly actuator operation (11/10/17)

GUI (11/29/17)

Data logging (11/29/17)



Electronics

Spring Semester

Implement updated GUI features (TBD)
Find sample frequency bottleneck (TBD)
Refine algorithms (TBD)
Update PCB (TBD)



Potential Risks and Problems

Data cannot be collected accurately and precisely Unable to attain user-friendly design Attaching components to case securely



Questions?

