

HYSTER-YALE FORKLIFT HEIGHT SENSOR

Senior Capstone Project

MATTHEW HARNED

PROJECT OVERVIEW

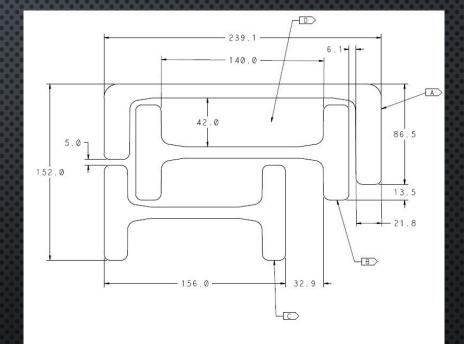
- Background and Requirements
- Analysis of Alternatives
 - FRICTION WHEEL
 - RF RANGING
 - COMPUTER MOUSE
 - HALL EFFECT SENSOR

BACKGROUND AND REQUIREMENTS

- WIRELESS HEIGHT MEASUREMENT
 - NO POWER FROM FORKLIFT BATTERY
 - NO WIRE TO RETURN DATA TO FORKLIFT
- ENERGY HARVESTING
 - CAN RECHARGE ITSELF USING ENERGY FROM UP/DOWN MOTION
 - ALTERNATIVE: CAN RUN THREE YEARS ON A SINGLE BATTERY
- FUNCTIONAL PROTOTYPE ONLY
 - FINAL PACKAGING IS NOT WITHIN PROJECT SCOPE
 - PROGRAMMING TO USE ACQUIRED DATA NOT WITHIN PROJECT SCOPE

FRICTION WHEEL

- Contains:
 - 10-TURN ROTARY POTENTIOMETER OR SHAFT ENCODER
 - FRICTION WHEEL
 - GEARBOX?
- Pros:
 - SIMPLE
 - Can be made absolute
 - ACCURATELY MEASURES LARGE MOVEMENTS
- Cons:
 - Small movements hard to track
 - MAY HAVE ISSUES WITH SLIP IF SURFACE IS ICY OR GREASY



D SPACE BETWEEN OUTER AND INTERMEDIATE CHANNELS.

▲ OUTER CHANNEL

C INNER CHANNEL

B INTERMEDIATE CHANNEL

POTENTIAL SENSOR LOCATTON

RF RANGING

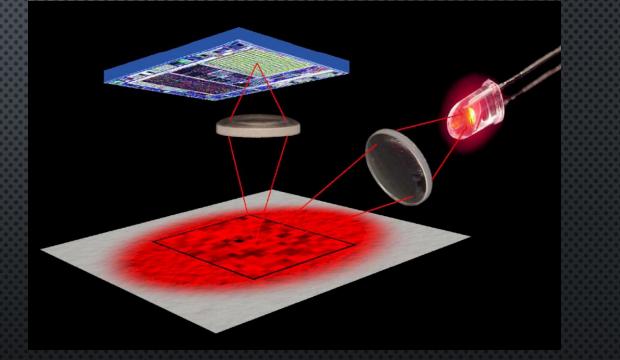
- METHOD 1: DELTA-T MEASUREMENT
 - Send signal from base to forks, then from forks to base
 - Measure elapsed time
 - SAMPLING RATE = 6.7 THz (UNATTAINABLE)
- METHOD 2: STANDING WAVE
 - Adjust frequency to maintain a wave node on the forks
- Method 3: Amplitude falloff
 - Use falloff as a function of angle rather than distance



COMPUTER MOUSE

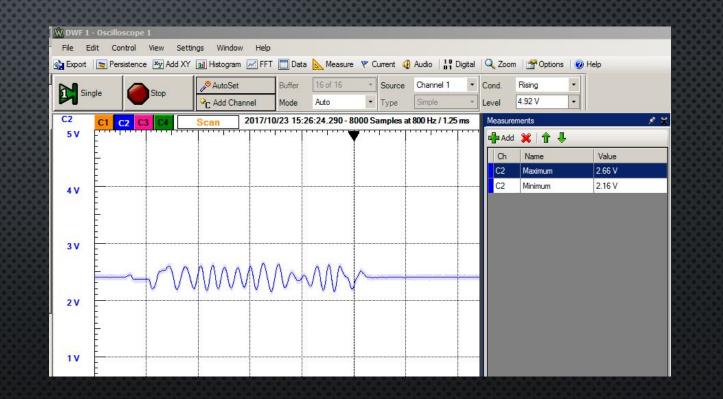
• Contains

- A CAMERA SENSOR
- AN LED OR LASER
- A PLASTIC LENS
- An image processor
- Can track rapid movements
- Accurately measure small movements
- May have hysteresis error



HALL EFFECT SENSOR

- Measures magnetic field
- Pros:
 - No hardware connection
 - EXTREMELY SMALL
 - PRECISE MEASUREMENTS
 - ACTUALLY WORKS
- Cons:
 - REQUIRES MAGNETIC STRIP
 - NON-ABSOLUTE; REQUIRES MEMORY



QUESTIONS?